



**SAM HOUSTON STATE UNIVERSITY
2015 AREA IV & X
GREENHAND QUIZ**

TRUE AND FALSE - SECTION 1 - [Each answer is worth 1 point!]

Instructions: Use a #2 pencil on the scan sheet form. Erase cleanly any answer you wish to change. Mark "A" if your answer is TRUE or YES. Mark "B" if your answer is FALSE or NO.

1. The silver pin of the Chapter FFA Degree and the golden charm of the State FFA Degree await those who earn them.
2. As part of the Official Chapter Equipment, seven or more Official FFA Manuals should be available for every FFA chapter.
3. Each chapter builds its POA around three major areas called "divisions." Divisions focus on the types of activities a chapter conducts. They place importance on, 1.) the student as an individual 2.) the chapter as a group of members and 3.) the community as a whole.
4. A duty of the chapter Historian is to develop and maintain a scrapbook of memorabilia to record the chapter's history.
5. One tap of the gavel follows the announcement of adjournment, the completion of a business item or is a message to the members to be seated.
6. Companies and private individuals sponsor proficiency awards and several other awards through the National FFA Foundation or state FFA foundations. When local representatives of the sponsoring companies are available, they should be given the opportunity to make these presentations.
7. The 360° conferences focus on chapter development and is held for 11th- and 12th-grade students. The rotation for this conference is: 2014-2015 Vision Conference; 2015-2016 Influence Conference, and 2016-2017 Vision Conference.
8. The National FFA Convention & Expo is similar in purpose to a state convention but is held on a much larger scale. The convention and expo is the largest student gathering in the nation, and in most recent years, has maintained an attendance of 75,000+.
9. Division III of the National FFA Agriscience Fair is open to teams of two students in grades 10th, 11th or 12th.
10. Agricultural Issues Forum and Farm Business Management are National Career Development Events.

11. In each of the ten Model of Excellence divisions, 10 chapters are identified as having unique, beneficial, innovative, or new activities. These chapters, potentially 100 in all, become national finalists for Model of Innovation.
12. The Model of Excellence candidates, Model of Innovation candidates, and Outstanding Middle School candidates are bestowed a prestigious plaque, as well as widespread national recognition that includes publication in a guide for chapters and groups looking for best practices in student, chapter and community development.
13. Every FFA member in the seventh through twelfth grades with an SAE are eligible to apply for the SAE Grant program.
14. Individuals nominated for the Honorary American FFA Degree must have provided exceptional service to agriculture, agricultural education and/or an FFA program on a national level and the nomination must be approved by the state Director of Agricultural Education.
15. The Distinguished Service Citation is the highest award presented to a school district or administrator by the National FFA Organization.
16. One member with the best placement SAE and proven leadership skills is selected to be the Chapter Star in Agricultural Placement. The member's placement experience can include paid labor hours or directed laboratory unpaid labor hours.
17. The Chapter Star in Agriscience candidates will have an SAE in which the member is actively engaged in agriscience research and experimentation in Animal Systems; Plant Systems; Environmental Service/ Natural Resource Systems; Food Products and Processing Systems; Power, Structural and Technical Systems; Social Sciences or a combination of these research areas.
18. Nominations may be made by six common methods: by the chair, from the floor by a member, by a committee, by ballot, by mail, and by petition.
19. A motion can be withdrawn after voting has commenced if the member who made the motion and the member who seconded the motion are in agreement.
20. The motion to adjourn cannot be made while counting votes or verifying a vote unless the vote is by ballot.
21. A call for orders of the day can be made only when the order of business is being varied from and when another privileged motion is pending.
22. Amendments may be used to indicate the number of members to serve on the committee, how members will be selected, who is to be chair, and special instructions for its operation.
23. A motion to discharge a committee may not interrupt a speaker.

24. Any action, except an action that cannot be reversed, may be reconsidered.
25. The motion to reconsider may be amended if the motion contains multiple parts, one that a person or group wishes to cancel but the other part or parts is deemed appropriate.
26. If it is desired to transact business out of the adopted order when an order of business has been adopted, it is necessary to suspend the rules, which requires a majority vote.
27. The chair should rise to put the question or leave the chair to speak or present motions during committee meetings.
28. After the secretary has read the minutes, the president may remark, "Are there corrections or additions to the minutes? (Pause) If not, they stand approved as read." (Two taps of gavel follows this announcement.)
29. If there is no secretary, as found in a committee, the chairperson or presiding officer should appoint someone to take or record the minutes.
30. It is recommended that if the motion or amendment is lengthy, or if the presiding officer or secretary is not sure of the exact wording, a written copy of the motion should be requested.
31. "Adjourn Sine Die" is pronounced "sign die," this term means determined day.
32. A "Deliberative Assembly" is an organization composed of members who use parliamentary procedure to make decisions.
33. Subsidiary Motions are motions that relate to the business of the group, or past actions or future actions of the group.
34. "Notice" is the official posting that informs an assembly or group of an item of business that will be conducted at a meeting that will take place sometimes in the near future.
35. There are 24 AFNR courses which provide rigorous and challenging opportunities for more than 166,000 young Texans.
36. A total of 21 courses from the Architecture and Construction, Arts, A/V Technology and Communications, Manufacturing, Marketing, Sales and Service, STEM and Engineering, Distribution and Logistics clusters can be combined with specific courses from the AFNR cluster in order to form programs of study which lead to student success and provide the academic knowledge and technical skills necessary to advance into a specific career choice.
37. At the base of the Foundation High School Program is a 22-credit core that provides the minimum requirements to earn a Texas high school diploma.
38. The Accomplished Level of Achievement will ensure the best preparation for your future.

39. Students earn a Texas High School Foundation Program endorsement by completing the curriculum requirements for the endorsement, including four credits of math and science and three additional elective credits.
40. FFA is recognized by the Texas Legislature as an integral part of the AFNR instructional program (Texas Education Code 29.182).
41. Agricultural Achievement and Career/Professional Development develops and supports programs which encourage excellence and diversity in supervised agricultural experience programs, competitive activities which are industry relevant, have a clear tie to the Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources instructional program and activities which are cross-curricular and demonstrate the interdisciplinary nature of agricultural education, and is one of the six strategic priorities of the Texas FFA Association.
42. In Texas, instruction in agriculture pre-dated the Smith-Hughes National Vocational Education Act of 1917 federal legislation.
43. Governor James Ferguson made the acceptance of the Smith-Hughes Act an item for the first of three called special sessions of the 35th Legislature in 1917.
44. The Hillsboro and Tuleta vocational agriculture programs were approved to begin on January 1 and February 1 of 1918, respectively.
45. Beeville organized the first of these Gold Key Club chapters, but the movement was short-lived, fading away at the close of the 1930's.
46. The Texas FFA Foundation Capital Campaign kicked off at the 75th Texas FFA Convention in Fort Worth in 2003 under the leadership of Capital Campaign Co-Chairs Paul Engler, President and CEO of Cactus Cattle Feeders in Amarillo, and Anne VonStrausberg, an Austin-based strategic consultant.
47. The Texas FFA Association's executive board includes the chairman of the board of directors, the executive directors of the Texas FFA Association, Texas FFA Foundation, Vocational Agriculture Teachers Association of Texas, the CTE Statewide Coordinator for Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources, and the state FFA president or another designated student officer.
48. Tom Maynard is the VATAT's Executive Director and serves as the Texas FFA's Board Treasurer
49. Kenneth Brown of Teague is the President of the Texas Young Farmers.
50. Randa Braune of Bellville served as the most recent National Officer from Texas in 2009-2010.



SAM HOUSTON STATE UNIVERSITY
2015 AREA IV & X
GREENHAND QUIZ

MULTIPLE CHOICE – SECTION 2 - [Each answer is worth 1 point!]

Instructions: Use a #2 pencil on the scan sheet form to indicate your answer.

Erase cleanly any answer you wish to change.

1. FFA is the premier youth development organization for agricultural education students that provides life-changing experiences for its members. Those experiences are driven by a strong mission and a compelling _____.

- a. vision
- b. goals
- c. objectives
- d. A, B & C
- e. none of the above

2. All of the following organizations make up The National Council for Agricultural Education, except:

- a. National Association of Agricultural Educators (NAAE)
- b. National Association of Supervisors of Agricultural Education (NASAE)
- c. National Farm & Ranch Business Management Education Association (NFRBMEA)
- d. National Science Student Organization (NSSO)
- e. National Young Farmer Educational Association (NYFEA)

3. By _____ nine states had chartered state alumni associations, and the National FFA Alumni Association was up and running.

- a. 1959
- b. 1965
- c. 1971
- d. 1972
- e. 1985

4. The national NFA convention was held every year in _____, in the municipal auditorium.

- a. Tuskegee, Alabama
- b. Washington, D.C.
- c. Tulsa, Oklahoma
- d. Tupelo, Mississippi
- e. Atlanta, Georgia

5. Who was the second National FFA President?

- a. Harold Gum
- b. Marvin Jagels
- c. David Simmons
- d. Leslie Applegate
- e. none of the above

6. When was a charter granted to the Puerto Rico FFA Association?

- a. 1929
- b. 1930
- c. 1932
- d. 1933
- e. 1938

7. When was the Future Farmers of America Foundation formed?

- a. 1934
- b. 1937
- c. 1944
- d. 1946
- e. 1952

8. How many FFA members served in World War II?

- a. 1,259,885
- b. 121,356
- c. 10,280
- d. 5,389
- e. none of the above

9. Which historical item of note occurred in 1948?

- a. First National FFA Agriculture Proficiency Award is presented for Agricultural Mechanics.
- b. Delegates restrict membership to boys only.
- c. Blue corduroy jacket is adopted as Official Dress.
- d. Official FFA Creed is adopted
- e. none of the above

10. A record jump in membership from 238,269 in 1947 to 260,300 in 1948, so many members attended the _____ National FFA Convention that a folding-cot hotel was set up in the basement of the Municipal Auditorium in Kansas City.

- a. 18th
- b. 20th
- c. 22nd
- d. 24th
- e. none of the above

11. In _____ the first issue of The National Future Farmer magazine was published.

- a. 1948
- b. 1949
- c. 1950
- d. 1951
- e. 1952

12. Which item of historical significance occurred in 1959?

- a. FFA holds its first National Leadership Conference for state officers in Washington, D.C.
- b. First National FFA Center is dedicated in Alexandria, Va.
- c. FFA sells its one-millionth FFA jacket.
- d. A & B
- e. A, B & C

13. Which historical event occurred in 1968?

- a. New Farmers of America merges with the Future Farmers of America
- b. Julie Smiley of Washington is the first female elected to a national office
- c. Food For America program launches
- d. First International Exchange Program for FFA members begins with Young Farmers Club of Great Britain
- e. President Richard Nixon attends national FFA convention

14. When was Seeds of Hope launched?

- a. 2001
- b. 2002
- c. 2003
- d. 2004
- e. 2005

15. The national FFA emblem, consisting of five symbols, is representative of the history, goals and _____ of the organization. As a whole, the emblem covers the broad spectrum of FFA and agriculture. Each element within the emblem has unique significance.

- a. objectives
- b. legacy
- c. future
- d. heritage
- e. none of the above

16. The first paragraph of the FFA Creed ends with the phrase “_____.”

- a. *“I cannot deny.”*
- b. *“product of our toil.”*
- c. *“whose happiness depends upon me.”*
- d. *“in that inspiring task.”*
- e. none of the above

17. To be eligible to receive the Chapter FFA Degree from the chapter, a member must meet the following minimum qualifications after entering agricultural education:

- a. earned and productively invested at least \$250 by the member’s own efforts; or worked at least 50 hours in excess of scheduled class time; or a combination thereof
- b. earned and productively invested at least \$250 by the member’s own efforts; or worked at least 45 hours in excess of scheduled class time; or a combination thereof
- c. earned and productively invested at least \$150 by the member’s own efforts; or worked at least 55 hours in excess of scheduled class time; or a combination thereof
- d. earned and productively invested at least \$150 by the member’s own efforts; or worked at least 45 hours in excess of scheduled class time; or a combination thereof
- e. none of the above

18. Which of the following are the pertinent facts of Withdraw/Modify a Motion?

- a. it requires a second, it is not debatable or amendable, it cannot interrupt a speaker, it requires a majority vote and it can be reconsidered
- b. it does not require a second, it is not debatable or amendable, it cannot interrupt a speaker, it requires a majority vote and it can be reconsidered
- c. it requires a second, it is not debatable or amendable, it can interrupt a speaker, it requires a majority vote and it can be reconsidered
- d. it does not require a second, it is not debatable or amendable, it can interrupt a speaker, it requires a majority vote and it cannot be reconsidered
- e. it does not require a second, it is not debatable or amendable, it cannot interrupt a speaker, it requires a majority vote and it cannot be reconsidered

19. Following such a code of ethics permits a group to conduct business in the most effective and _____ manner.

- a. efficient
- b. ethical
- c. organized
- d. democratic
- e. none of the above

20. Presenters of debatable motions should be extremely careful in _____ before they present their motion since this could easily be construed as debate thus making the presenter "Out of Order."

- a. stating their motion
- b. giving an exact statement of the motion
- c. giving brief explanatory remarks
- d. stating the motions meaning
- e. none of the above

21. _____, but are not limited to, unfounded appeals, irrelevant points of order, divisions without merit and inappropriate or even ridiculous amendments; it the chair's duty to prevent these type of motions.

- a. Germane motions
- b. Obstructive motions
- c. Coronary motions
- d. Dilatory motions
- e. none of the above

22. If a speaker yields to another member for a question the _____.

- a. president must yield the floor back to the original speaker when the question is answered.
- b. time consumed by the question is charged to the speaker.
- c. speaker has the right to the floor when the question is answered.
- d. the member with the question is charged that time to his or her debate time.
- e. none of the above

23. The practice of cumulative voting, should be viewed as extremely suspect since it violates the basic tenets of parliamentary law that members are entitled to one and only one vote per motion. This can be corrected by _____.

- a. the group passing a motion to that effect
- b. addressing it in the bylaws
- c. amending the constitution and bylaws
- d. a motion to that effect
- e. none of the above

24. Which of the following are pertinent facts of a previous question?

- a. It can interrupt a speaker; A second is required; It is undebatable; It is amendable; A two-thirds vote is necessary
- b. It cannot interrupt a speaker; A second is required; It is undebatable; It is amendable; A two-thirds vote is necessary
- c. It cannot interrupt a speaker; A second is required; It is undebatable; It is unamendable; A two-thirds vote is necessary
- d. It cannot interrupt a speaker; A second is not required; It is debatable; It is unamendable; A two-thirds vote is necessary
- e. None of the above is correct

25. What should the previous notice document include?

- a. the current wording
- b. the wording of the proposed amendment
- c. how the wording will read if the amendment is passed
- d. B and C only
- e. A, B and C

26. Rules of speaking deal with: the presenter of a motion offering remarks or debate before presenting the motion, the time allotment (10 minutes), the number of debates per member (2) per debatable motion, and the right of _____ for the presenter of the motion.

- a. the floor
- b. the First Discussion
- c. First Refusal of Debate
- d. precedence
- e. First Sine Die

27. Which of the following are the pertinent facts of a call for the orders of the day?

- a. It can interrupt a speaker; Recognition is not necessary; A second is not required; It is debatable and amendable; A majority negative vote is required to not return to the orders of the day; It cannot be reconsidered
- b. It can interrupt a speaker; Recognition is not necessary; A second is not required; It is undebatable and unamendable; A two-thirds negative vote is required to not return to the orders of the day; It cannot be reconsidered
- c. It can interrupt a speaker; Recognition is not necessary; A second is not required; It is undebatable and amendable; A two-thirds negative vote is required to not return to the orders of the day; It can be reconsidered
- d. It can interrupt a speaker; Recognition is not necessary; A second is not required; It is undebatable and unamendable; A majority negative vote is required to not return to the orders of the day; It cannot be reconsidered
- e. It can interrupt a speaker; Recognition is not necessary; A second is not required; It is undebatable and unamendable; A two-thirds negative vote is required to not return to the orders of the day; It can be reconsidered

28. Which of the following is true about the motion to discharge a committee?

- a. The motion to discharge a committee is in order only when the committee has not yet made its final report to the assembly.
- b. The purpose is to permit an assembly to again consider a question that was previously placed in a committee.
- c. As long as the question remains in a committee, it is not permissible for the assembly to consider any proposal that is essentially the same question.
- d. The motion to discharge a committee takes precedence over nothing, and can only be moved when no other question is pending.
- e. all of the above are true

29. Which of the following are the pertinent facts of the motion to rescind?

- a. A second is required; It is debatable and amendable; A majority vote is required if previous notice of the proposed action was given; otherwise a two-thirds vote is required; It cannot be applied to action that cannot be reversed; Only a negative vote can be reconsidered.
- b. A second is required; It is undebatable and unamendable; A majority vote is required if previous notice of the proposed action was given; otherwise a two-thirds vote is required; It cannot be applied to action that cannot be reversed; Only a negative vote can be reconsidered.
- c. A second is required; It is debatable and amendable; A majority vote is required if previous notice of the proposed action was given; otherwise a two-thirds vote is required; It can be applied to action that cannot be reversed; Only a two-thirds negative vote can be reconsidered.
- d. A second is required; It is undebatable and unamendable; A majority vote is required if previous notice of the proposed action was given; otherwise a two-thirds vote is required; It can be applied to action that cannot be reversed; Only a negative vote can be reconsidered.
- e. A second is required; It is debatable and amendable; A majority vote is required if previous notice of the proposed action was given; otherwise a two-thirds vote is required; It cannot be applied to action that cannot be reversed; Only a two-thirds negative vote can be reconsidered.

30. The treasurer's report is included as part of the ____ in the order of business.

- a. Unfinished business
- b. Officer reports
- c. Committee reports
- d. Report on chapter activities
- e. New business

31. Which of the following is not contained in the minutes?

- a. Group's name
- b. Type of meeting
- c. Any motions that were made or take up
- d. Quorum established as stated in the group's constitution
- e. Outline of the officer reports

32. You may adjourn a meeting _____, which means that there has been no date set for any future meetings

- a. qualified
- b. sine die
- c. unqualified
- d. per infinity
- e. de infinity

33. A(n) _____ is(are) the adopted scheduled agenda that is presented to a group for their consideration.

- a. Agenda
- b. Notice
- c. Precedence
- d. Rules of Order
- e. Order of Business

34. A type of vote that is used only when dealing with an election where there are multiple candidates; when one candidate does not receive a majority, but has more votes than the other candidates is called a _____.

- a. Deciding Vote
- b. Two-thirds Vote
- c. Plurality Vote
- d. Majority Vote
- e. none of the above

35. The Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources (AFNR) cluster includes occupations and careers in the planning, implementation, _____, management, processing and/or marketing of agricultural commodities and services, including food, fiber, wood products, natural resources, horticulture, and other plant and animal products.

- a. development
- b. designing
- c. organization
- d. production
- e. none of the above

36. Acknowledgements are earned by successfully completing a dual credit course, demonstration of _____ and biliteracy, meeting established performance levels on PSAT, ACT's Plan, SAT or ACT, successful completion of Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate exams or by earning a nationally or internationally recognized business or industry certification or license.

- a. English
- b. mathematics
- c. educational
- d. bilingualism
- e. citizenship

37. Three new programs were approved to begin December 1, 1917: _____, Penelope and Yancey.

- a. Hudspeth
- b. College Station
- c. Corsicana State Orphans Home
- d. Dublin
- e. Ellis

38. Arthur Ellis of New Waverly was elected president of the fledgling organization, but resigned his office a few months later, allowing E. J. Hughes of _____ to serve as acting president until the state association met again in Dallas in October of the same year.

- a. College Station
- b. Dublin
- c. Houston
- d. New Waverly
- e. Huntsville

39. Former Texas FFA Executive Secretary _____ was the Texas FFA Alumni Association's first president.

- a. E.C. "Dick" Weekly
- b. Fred McClure
- c. Vanessa Brossman
- d. Bill Sarpalius
- e. C.J. Davidson

40. Where was the Texas' first Collegiate FFA State President from?

- a. Sam Houston State University
- b. Texas A&M University
- c. Lamar University
- d. Texas Tech University
- e. University of Texas

41. Who was the first chairman of the Texas FFA Foundation Board of Director?

- a. C.R. Davidson
- b. Jay Eudy
- c. Bill Weekly
- d. Paul Engler
- e. Anne Anderson

42. Who was the former Texas FFA President and National Officer that became the catalyst for the development of the agriscience fair scholarship program?

- a. Richard Wallrath
- b. Jim Prewitt
- c. Zach Brady
- d. Tom Maynard
- e. Kelly White

43. Who was an Austin-based strategic consultant?

- a. Justin Brands
- b. C.J. Davidson
- c. Paul Engler
- d. Jay Eudy
- e. Anne Anderson

44. Who serves as the 2015-2016 Texas FFA 1st Vice President?

- a. Alex Garcia
- b. Brice Boyd
- c. Shannon Butler
- d. Brynn Darby
- e. Coy Westbrook

45. Who is the 2015-2016 State Collegiate FFA Treasurer?

- a. Harper Orts, Sam Houston State University
- b. Chelsea Woeifier, Texas State University
- c. Taarna Albright, West Texas A&M University
- d. Brittany McCoy, Sam Houston State University
- e. Ashley Radde, Tarleton State University

46. ____ is the Texas FFA Alumni President.

- a. Don Beene
- b. Barbie Mosley
- c. Ken Johnson
- d. Ray Pieniazek
- e. Kelly White

47. Who is the manager of the Texas FFA social media?

- a. Dean Black
- b. Kaleigh Burnett
- c. Ashley Dunkerly
- d. Gwenn Winsauer
- e. Suzanne Anders-Charioui

48. Where is Don Beene from?

- a. Teague
- b. Centerville
- c. Fairfield
- d. Corsicana
- e. none of the above

49. Bobby Tucker of Mineola was the first of _____ Texans to serve as national president.

- a. five
- b. six
- c. seven
- d. eight
- e. eleven

50. In 2013, Texas FFA adopted an overall plan titled the “_____,” a long-range plan with specific leadership development outcomes for members at different stages of development.

- a. Golden Horizon Leadership Program
- b. Leadership Development Continuum
- c. Made for Excellence
- d. Made for Leadership
- e. Make for Leading

Department of Agricultural Sciences and Engineering Technology
Sam Houston State University © 2015
A Member of The Texas State University System

By Dr. Doug Ullrich